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TABLE 56.50-105—ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS AND TOUGHNESS TEST CRITERIA 2—Continued

Product form	ASTM specification <sup>3</sup>	Grade <sup>4</sup>	Minimum service tem- perature	Minimum avg Charpy V notch energy
Forged flanges, fittings, and valves (9% nickel).	A-522	9% Ni	-320 °F	Refer to § 54.25–20 of this subchapter.
Castings for valves and pressure parts (carbon	A-352 <sup>1</sup>	LCB	-30 °F	20 ft. lb. 20 ft. lb.
and low alloy steels).		LC2	-100 °F	25 ft. lb. 25 ft. lb.
Castings for valves and pressure parts (high alloy steel).	A-351	Austenitic grades CF3, CF3A, CF8, CF8A, CF3M, CF8M, CF8C, CK20 only.	No limit, except -325 °F for grades CF8C and CK20.	No toughness testing required except for service temperatures colder than —425 °F for grades CF3, CF3M, CF3M, and CF8M. 25 ft. lb. average must be attained in these tests.
Bolting	A-320	L7, L9, L10, L43 B8D, B8T, B8F, B8M 2B8, B8C	- 150 °F - 325 °F No limit	20 ft. lb. No test required, except for service temperatures colder than – 425 °F. In such case the minimum average energy is 25 ft. lb.
Nuts, bolting	A-194	4	- 150 °F - 325 °F No limit	20 ft. lb. No test required. Same requirement as comparable grades (B8, B8C) of bolting listed above.

[CGFR 68-82, 33 FR 18843, Dec. 18, 1968, as amended by CGFR 72-59R, 37 FR 6189, 6190, Mar. 25, 1972; CGD 73-254, 40 FR 40165, Sept. 2, 1975; CG 79-108, 43 FR 46545, Oct. 10, 1978; CGD 74-289, 44 FR 26008, May 3, 1979; CGD 77-140, 54 FR 40611, Oct. 2, 1989; CGD 83-043, 60 FR 24775, May 10, 1995]

# § 56.50-110 Diving support systems.

(a) In addition to the requirements of this part, piping for diving installations which is permanently installed on the vessel must meet the requirements of subpart B (Commercial Diving Operations) of part 197 of this chapter.

(b) Piping for diving installations which is not permanently installed on the vessel need not meet the requirements of this part, but must meet the requirements of subpart B of part 197 of this chapter.

(c) Piping internal to a pressure vessel for human occupancy (PVHO) need

not meet the requirements of this part, but must meet the requirements of subpart B of part 197 of this chapter.

[CGD 76-009, 43 FR 53683, Nov. 16, 1978]

# Subpart 56.60—Materials

#### §56.60-1 Acceptable materials specifications (replaces 123 Table 126.1 in ANSI-B31.1).

- (a)(1) The material requirements in this subpart shall be followed in lieu of those in 123 in ANSI-B31.1.
- (2) Materials used in piping systems must be selected from the specifications which appear in Table 56.60-1(a)

I I listed above.

¹ Quench and temper heat treatment may be permitted when specifically authorized by the Commandant. In those cases the minimum average Charpy V-notch energy shall be specially designated by the Commandant.

² Other material specifications for product forms acceptable under part 54 for use at low temperatures may also be used for piping systems provided the applicable toughness requirements of this Table are also met.

³ Any repair method must be acceptable to the Commandant (G–MTH), and welding repairs as well as fabrication welding must be in accordance with part 57 of this chapter.

⁴ The acceptability of several alloys for low temperature service is not intended to suggest acceptable resistance to marine corrosion. The selection of alloys for any particular shipboard location must take corrosion resistance into account and be approved by the Marine Safety Center.

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of this section or Table 56.60–2(a) of this part, or they may be selected from the material specifications of section I, III, or VIII of the ASME Code if not prohibited by a regulation of this subchapter dealing with the particular section of the ASME Code. Table 56.60–1(a) of this section contains only pipe, tubing, and fitting specifications. Determination of acceptability of plate, forgings, bolting, nuts, and castings may be made by reference to the ASME Code as previously described. Additionally, accepted materials for use as piping system components appear in Table 56.60–2(a) of this part. Materials con-

forming to specifications not described in this subparagraph must receive the specific approval of the Marine Safety Center before being used. Materials listed in Table 126.1 of ANSI B31.1 are not accepted unless specifically permitted by this paragraph.

(b) Components made in accordance with the commercial standards listed in Table 56.60-1(b) of this section and made of materials complying with paragraph (a) this section may be used in piping systems within the limitations of the standards and within any further limitations specified in this subchapter.

TABLE 56.60-1(a)—ADOPTED SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (REPLACES TABLE 126.1).

NOTE: Table 56.60–1(a) identifies the acceptable pipe, tubing, and fitting specifications intended for piping system use and replaces Table 126.1 in ANSI B31.1. Piping system applications will be considered if certification of mechanical properties is furnished. Without this certification, use is limited to applications inside heat exchangers that insure containment of the material inside a pressure shell.

Pipe, seamless:		
A106 Carbon steel	ANSI-B31.1	
A335 Ferritic alloys	ANSI-B31.1	
A376 Austenitic alloys	ANSI-B31.1	(1).
Pipe, seamless and welded:	74401 20111	l ( ).
A53 Types S, F, and E steel pipe	ANSI-B31.1	(2, 3, 4).
A312 Austenitic steel (welded with no filler metal)	ANSI-B31.1	(1, 4).
A333 Low temperature steel pipe	Sec. VIII, ASME Code	(5)
Pipe, welded:	Coo. VIII, / IOIII COOC IIIIIIIIIIIIII	\
A134 Fusion welded steel plate pipe	See footnote 7	(7).
A135 ERW pipe	ANSI-B31.1	(3).
A139 Grade B only, fusion welded steel pipe	ANSI-B31.1	(8).
A358 Electric fusion welded pipe, high temperature, aus-	ANSI-B31.1	(1, 4, 9)
tenitic.	ANOI-DOT.1	( , , , , ,
Pipe, forged and bored:		
A369 Ferritic alloy	ANSI-B31.1	
A430 Austenitic alloy	ANSI-B31.1	(1).
Pipe, centrifugally cast:	(None applicable)	(19)
Tube, seamless:	(None applicable)	\
A179 Carbon steel heat exchanger and condenser tubes	UCS23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	(11).
A192 Carbon steel boiler tubes	PG23.1, Sec. I, ASME Code	(10).
A199 Alloy steel condenser tubes	UCS23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	( 1).
A210 Medium carbon boiler tubes	PG23.1, Sec. I, ASME Code	
A213 Ferritic and austenitic boiler tubes	PG23.1, Sec. I, ASME Code	(¹).
Tube, seamless and welded:	1 G25.1, Gec. 1, AGIVIE GOGE	( ).
A268 Seamless and ERW ferritic stainless tubing	PG23.1, Sec. I, ASME Code	(4).
A334 Seamless and welded (no added filler metal) car-	UCS23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	(4, 5),
bon and low alloy tubing for low temperature.	OCO25, Sec. VIII, ASIVIL Code	( ', ').
Tube, welded:		
A178 (Grades A and C only) ERW boiler tubes	PG23.1, Sec. I, ASME Code	(10 Grade A) (4).
A214 ERW heat exchanger and condenser tubes	UCS27, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	(10 Grade A) (4).
A226 ERW boiler and superheater tubes	PG23.1, Sec. I, ASME Code	(4, 10),
		, ,
A249 Welded austenitic boiler and heat exchanger tubes	PG23.1, Sec. I, ASME Code	(1, 4).
(no added filler metal).		
Wrought fittings (factory made): A234 Carbon and ferritic alloys	Conforms to applicable American National	(12)
A234 Carbon and lerrific alloys	Conforms to applicable American National	( <sup>12</sup> ).
	Standards (ANSI-B16.9 and ANSI-	
A 400 A	B16.11).	(40)
A403 Austenitic alloys	do	(12).
A420 Low temperature carbon and steel alloy	do	( <sup>12</sup> ).
Castings, <sup>13</sup> iron:	1	440
A47 Malleable iron	Conform to applicable American National	(14).
	Standards or refer to UCI-23 or UCD-	
	23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code.	
A126 Gray iron	do	(14).
A197 Malleable iron	do	(14).
A395 Ductile iron	UCD-23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	l (14).

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## TABLE 56.60-1(a)—ADOPTED SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (REPLACES TABLE 126.1).— Continued

NOTE: Table 56.60–1(a) identifies the acceptable pipe, tubing, and fitting specifications intended for piping system use and replaces Table 126.1 in ANSI B31.1. Piping system applications will be considered if certification of mechanical properties is furnished. Without this certification, use is limited to applications inside heat exchangers that insure containment of the material

A536 Ductile iron	See footnote 20	(20).

#### NONFERROUS MATERIALS 15

Pipe, seamless:		
B42 Copper	UNF23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	( <sup>16</sup> ).
B43 Red brass	do	
B241 Aluminum alloy	do	
Pipe and tube, seamless:		
B161 Nickel	do	
B165 Nickel-copper	do	
B167 Ni-Cr-Fe	do	
B315 Copper-silicon	do	
Tube, seamless:		
B68 Copper	See footnote 17	(16, 17, 18).
B75 Copper	UNF23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	( <sup>16</sup> ).
B88 Copper	See footnote 17	(16, 17).
B111 Copper and copper alloy	UNF23, Sec. VIII, ASME Code	
B210 Aluminum alloy, drawn	do	
B234 Aluminum alloy, drawn	do	
B280 Copper tube for refrigeration service	See footnote 17	(16, 17).
Welding fittings:		
B361 Wrought aluminum welding fittings	Shall meet ANSI Standards	

ASTM specification	Minimum tensile	Longitu- dinal joint efficiency	P No.	Allowable stresses (p.s.i.)
A134:				
Grade 285A	45,000	0.80	1	11,250×0,8=9,000.
Grade 285B	50,000	0.80	1	12,500×0,8=10,000.
Grade 285C	55,000	0.80	1	13,750×0,8=11,000.

Note: When using 104.1.2 in ANSI–B31.1 to compute wall thickness, the stress shown here shall be applied as though taken from the stress tables. An additional factor of 0.8 may be required by §56.07–10(c) and (e).

- <sup>1</sup> For austenitic materials where two sets of stresses appear, use the lower values.
- <sup>1</sup> For austenitic materials where two sets of stresses appear, use the lower values.

  <sup>2</sup> Type F (Furnace welded, using open hearth, basic oxygen, or electric furnace only) limited to Class II applications with a maximum service temperature of 450 °F. Type E (ERW grade) limited to maximum service temperature of 650 °F, or less.

  <sup>3</sup> Electric resistance welded pipe or tubing of this specification may be used to a maximum design pressure of 350 pounds per

\*Square inch gage.

4 Refer to limitations on use of welded grades given in §56.60–2(b).

5 Use generally considered for Classes I-L and II-L applications. For Class I-L service only, the seamless grade is permitted.

For other service refer to footnote 4 and to §56.50–105.

6 Furnace lap or furnace butt grades only. Limited to Class II applications only where the maximum service temperature is 450

°F, or less. 
<sup>7</sup> Limited to Grades 285A, 285B, and 285C only (straight and spiral seam). Limited to Class II applications only where maximum service temperature is 300 °F or less for straight seam, and 200 °F or less for straight seam.

<sup>8</sup> Limited to Class II applications where the maximum service temperature is 300 °F or less for straight seam and 200 °F or

- <sup>o</sup> Limited to Class II applications where the inclusion of the specification may be used.

  <sup>g</sup> For Class I applications only the Class I Grade of the specification may be used.

  <sup>10</sup> When used in piping systems, a certificate shall be furnished by the manufacturer certifying that the mechanical properties at room temperature specified in ASTM A520 have been met. Without this certification, use is limited to applications within heat

at room temperature specified in ASTM A520 have been met. Without this certification, use is limited to applications within heat exchangers.

11 When used in piping systems, a certificate shall be furnished by the manufacturer certifying that the mechanical properties for A192 in ASTM A520 have been met. Without this certification, use is limited to applications within heat exchangers.

12 Hydrostatic testing of these fittings is not required but all fittings shall be capable of withstanding without failure, leakage, or impairment of serviceability, a hydrostatic test of 1½ times the designated rating pressure.

13 Other acceptable iron castings are in UCD-23 of section VIII of the ASME Code. (See also §\$56.60–10 and 56.60–15.) Acceptable castings of materials other than cast iron may be found in section I or VIII of the ASME Code.

14 Acceptable when complying with American National Standards. Ductile iron is acceptable for temperatures not exceeding 650 °F. For pressure temperature limitations refer to UCD-3 of section VIII of the ASME Code. Other grades of cast iron are acceptable for temperatures not exceeding 450 °F. For pressure temperature limitations refer to UCI-3 of section VIII of the ASME Code.

Ceptable for temperatures and an experience of the content of the

The Suess values of the Second appropriate.
 18 B68 shall be acceptable if provided with a mill hydrostatic or eddy current test.
 19 Centrifugally cast pipe must be specifically approved by the Marine Safety Center.

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<sup>20</sup> Limited to pipe fittings and valves. See § 56.60–15(d) for additional information.

TABLE 56.60-1(b)-ADOPTED STANDARDS AP-PLICABLE TO PIPING SYSTEMS (REPLACES TABLE 126.1)

ANSI Standards (American National Standards Institute), 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.

Unified Screw Threads. B1.1 ..... Pipe Threads, General Purpose. B1.20.3 Dryseal Pipe Threads. B2.1 ..... Pine Threads B2.2 ..... [Reserved] B16.1 .... C.I. Flanges and Fittings-Classes 125 and 250 Only. M.I. Threaded Fittings—Classes 150 and 300. B16.3 .... B16.4 .... C.I. Threaded Fittings—Classes 125 and 250. B16.5 .... Steel Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings.3 B16.9 .... Steel Buttwelding Fittings.3 B16.10 .. Dimensions of Ferrous Valves Steel S.W. and Threaded Fittings. B16.11 .. B16.14 .. Ferrous-Threaded Plugs, Bushings and Locknuts.4

B16.15 .. Cast Bronze Threaded Fittings--Classes 125 & 250.4 B16.18 .. Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joints.4

Ring Joint Gaskets—Steel Flanges. B16.20 .. B16.21 .. Non-metallic Gaskets for Flanges. B16.22 .. Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint

Fittings.4 B16.23 .. Cast Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Drainage Fittings.4

Bronze Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings—Class 150 and 300.3 B16.24 .. B16.25 .. Butt Welding Ends-Pipe, Valves, Flanges, & Fit-

B16.28 .. Wrought Steel Buttwelding Short Radius Elbows and Returns.4

B16.29 .. Wrought Copper and Wrought-Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings.<sup>4</sup> Valves—Flanged, Threaded and Welding end.<sup>3</sup>

B16.34 .. B16.42 .. Ductile Iron Pipe Flanges and Fittings.3

B18.2 .... [Reserved]

B18.2.1 Square and Hex Bolts and Screws, Inch series.

B18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts.

ASTM Standards (American Society for Testing and Materials), 1916 Race St., Philadelphia, PA 19103.

Wrought Carbon Steel Sleeve-Type Couplings. F1006 ... Entrainment Separators for Use in Marine Piping Applications.4

Pipe Line Expansion Joints of the Packed Slip F1007 ... Type for Marine Applications.

F1020 ... Line Blind Valves for Marine Applications.4 F1120 ... Circular Metallic Bellows Type Expansion Joints.

F1123 ... Non-Metallic Expansion Joints.

F1139 ... Steam Traps and Drains.

Fuel Oil Meters of the Volumetric Positive Dis-F1172 ... placement Type.

F1173 ... Epoxy Resin Fiberglass Pipe and Fittings to be Used for Marine Applications

F1199 ... Cast and Welded Pipe Line Strainers.

F1200 ... Fabricated (Welded) Pipe Line Strainers.

F1201 ... Fluid Conditioner Fittings in Piping Applications Above 0 °F

TABLE 56.60-1(b)-ADOPTED STANDARDS AP-PLICABLE TO PIPING SYSTEMS (REPLACES TABLE 126.1)—Continued

EJMA Standards (Expansion Joint Manufacturers Association, Inc.), 25 North Broadway, Tarrytown, NY 10591

Standards of the Expansion Joint Manufacturers Association,

FCI Standards (Fluid Controls Institute, Inc.), 31 South Street, Suite 303, Morristown, NJ 07960.

FCI 69-1 Pressure Rating Standard for Steam Traps.4

MSS Standards (Manufacturers' Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry), 127 Park Street NE, Vienna, VA 22180.

B36.10 .. Wrought-Steel & Iron Pipe.

Stainless Steel Pipe.

MSS Standards (Manufacturers' Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry), 1815 North Fort Myer Drive, Arlington, Va. 22209.

SP-6 .... Finishes-On Flanges, Valves & Fittings.

SP-9 Spot-Facing.

SP-25 .. Standard Marking System for Valves, Fittings, Flanges and Unions.

SP-37 [Reserved]

SP-42 .. [Reserved] SP-44

Steel Pipe Line Flanges.4 SP-45 .. Bypass and Drain Connection.

SP-51 .. Class 150LW Corrosion Resistant Cast Flanges and Flanged Fittings.4

SP-53 .. Magnetic Particle Inspection—Steel Castings.

SP-55 .. Visual Inspection—Steel Castings.

SP-58 .. Pipe Hangers & Supports SP-61 .. Hydrostatic Testing Steel Valves.

SP-66 ..

SP-67 Butterfly Valves.24

SP-69 .. Pipe Hangers and Supports-Selection and Appli-

Ball Valves with Flanged or Butt-Welding Ends for SP-72 .. General Service.

SP-73 Silver Brazing Joints for Wrought and Cast Solder Joint Fittings

SP-83 .. Carbon Steel Pipe Unions Socket-Welding and Threaded.

¹ [Reserved] ² In addition, for bronze valves, adequacy of body shell thickness shall be satisfactory to the Marine Safety Center. Refer to §56.60–10 of this part for cast iron valves.
³ Mill or manufacturer's certification is not required, except where a needed portion of the required marking is deleted due to size or is absent due to age of existing stocks.
⁴ Because this standard offers the option of several materials, some of which are not generally acceptable to the Coast Guard, compliance with the standard does not necessarily indicate compliance with these regulations. The marking on the component or the manufacturer or mill certificate must indicate the material specification and/or grade as necessary to fully identify the materials used. The material used must comply with the requirements in this subchapter relating to the particular application. particular application.

## § 56.60-2

[CGFR 68-82 33 FR 18843 Dec 18 1968 as amended by CGFR 69-127, 35 FR 9978, June 17, 1970; CGFR 72-59R, 37 FR 6190, Mar. 25, 1972; CGD 72-206R, 38 FR 17229, June 29, 1973; CGD 73-248, 39 FR 30839, Aug. 26, 1974; CGD 73-254, 40 FR 40165, Sept. 2, 1975; CGD 77-140, 54 FR 40611, Oct. 2, 1989; 55 FR 39968, 39969, Oct. 1, 1990; CGD 95-027, 61 FR 26001, May 23, 1996]

#### §56.60-2 Limitations on materials.

Welded pipe and tubing. The following restrictions apply to the use of welded pipe and tubing specifications when utilized in piping systems, and not when utilized in heat exchanger, boiler, pressure vessel, or similar components:

- (a) Longitudinal joint. Wherever possible, the longitudinal joint of a welded pipe shall not be pierced with holes for branch connections or other purposes.
- (b) Class II. Use unlimited except as restricted by maximum temperature or pressure specified in Table 56.60-1(a) or by the requirements contained in  $\S 56.10-5(b)$  of this chapter.
- (c) Class I. (1) For those specifications in which a filler metal is used. the following applies to the material as furnished prior to any fabrication:
- (i) For use in service above 800 °F. full welding procedure qualifications by the Coast Guard are required. See part 57 of this subchapter.
- (ii) Ultrasonic examination as required by item S-6 in ASTM A-376 shall be certified as having been met in all applications except where 100 percent radiography is a requirement of the particular material specification.
- (2) For those specifications in which no filler material is used in the welding process, the ultrasonic examination as required by item S-6 in ASTM A-376 shall be certified as having been met for service above 800 °F.

TABLE 56.60-2(a)-ADOPTED SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE ASME CODE

ASTM specifications	Source of allowable stress	Notes			
FERROUS MATERIALS <sup>1</sup>					
Bar stock:					
A276 (Grades	See footnote 4	(4).			
304-A, 304L-A,					
310-A, 316-A,					
316L-A, 321-A,					
347-A, and 348-A).					
A575 and A576					
(Grades 1010-1030)	See footnote 2	(2, 3).			

TABLE 56.60-2(a)—ADOPTED SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE ASME CODE—Continued

ASTM specifications	Source of allowable stress	Notes
Nonfer	ROUS MATERIALS	
Bar stock:		
B16 (soft and half hard tempers).	See footnote 5	( <sup>5, 7</sup> ).
B21 (alloys A, B, and C). B124:	See footnote 8	(8).
Alloy 377	See footnotes 5 and 9.	(5, 9).
Alloy 464	See footnote 8	(8, 10).
Alloy 655	See footnote 11	(11).
Alloy 642	See footnote 12	(7, 12).
Alloy 630	See footnote 13	(7, 13).
Alloy 485	See footnote 8	(8, 10).
B283 (forging brass)	See footnotes 5 and 9.	( <sup>5, 9</sup> ).
Castings:		
B26	See footnotes 5, 14,	(5, 14,
	and 15.	15).
B85	See footnotes 5, 14,	(5, 14,
	and 15.	<sup>15</sup> ).

<sup>1</sup>For limitations in use refer to §56.60–5.

<sup>2</sup>Allowable stresses shall be the same as those listed in UCS23 of section VIII of the ASME Code for SA–675 material

of equivalent tensile strength.

<sup>3</sup> Physical testing shall be performed as for material manufactured to ASME Specification SA–675, except that the bend test shall not be required.

test shall not be required.

4 Allowable stresses shall be the same as those listed in UCS23 of section VIII of the ASME Code for the corresponding SA-182 material.

5 Limited to air and hydraulic service with a maximum design temperature of 150 °F. The material must not be used for salt water service or other fluids that may cause dezincification or stress corrosion cracking.

<sup>6</sup>[Reserved]
<sup>7</sup> An amonia vapor test, in accordance with ASTM B 858M–

95, shall be performed on a representative model of each finished product design.

8 Allowable stresses shall be the same as those listed in UNF23 of section VIII of the ASME Code for SB-171, naval

brass.

<sup>9</sup> An amonia vapor test, in accordance with ASTM B 858– 95, shall be performed on a representative model for each finished product design. Tension tests shall be performed to determine tensile strength, yield strength, and elongation. Mini-mum values shall be those listed in table 3 of ASTM B283. 1º Physical testing, including mercurous nitrate test, shall be performed as for material manufactured to ASTM B21.

11 Physical testing shall be performed as for material manufactured to ASTM B96. Allowable stresses shall be the same as those listed in UNF23 of section VIII of the ASME Code for

as those listed in UNF23 of section VIII of the ASME Code for SB–96 and shall be limited to a maximum allowable temperature of 212 °F.

12 Physical testing shall be performed as for material manufactured to ASTM B171, alloy D. Allowable stresses shall be the same as those listed in UNF23 of section VIII of the ASME Code for SB–171, aluminum bronze D.

13 Physical testing shall be performed as for material manufactured to ASTM B171, alloy E. Allowable stresses shall be the same as those listed in UNF23 of section VIII of the ASME Code for SB–171, aluminum bronze, alloy E.

14 Tension tests shall be performed to determine tensile strength, yield strength, and elongation. Minimum values shall be those listed in table X–2 of ASTM B85.

15 Those alloys with a maximum copper content of 0.6 percent or less shall be acceptable under this specification. Cast aluminum shall not be welded or brazed.

aluminum shall not be welded or brazed.

Note: This Table 56.60–2(a) is a listing of adopted bar stock and nonferrous forging and casting specifications not listed in the ASME Code. Particular attention should be given to the supplementary testing requirements and service limitations contained in the footnotes.